

# Choosing the right thinner or solvent

Cleaning, thinning and removing	Oil-based paint	Varnishes	Lacquers	Shellac	Polyurethanes	Oil finishes	Epoxy & fibreglass	Contact Cement	General cleaning	Degreasing
Recordsol Paint Thinner	<b>~</b>	<			<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>			<b>V</b>	
Varsol* Paint Thinner	<b>~</b>	<			<b>V</b>	~			V	<b>~</b>
Mineral Spirits	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>			<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
Brush & Roller Cleaner	<b>~</b>	~				<b>V</b>			<b>V</b>	~
Lacquer Thinner			<b>V</b>							<b>/</b>
Methyl Hydrate				<b>/</b>					<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>
Acetone							<b>/</b>			<b>/</b>
Heirloom® MAX Heavy Duty Stripper	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>	V	~	<b>V</b>	~				
Bio-Option™ Pure Turpentine	<b>~</b>	<b>/</b>								
Contact Cement Cleaner								>	<b>V</b>	

# Thinner or solvent – know what to look for

What's the difference between a thinner and a solvent? Not much. The thinning capacity of a product refers to its affect on the consistency of the paint or lacquer with which it's mixed. Solvency refers to the capacity of a substance to break down the resins and binding agents in paint and lacquer. This affects consistency and drying time. The faster a solvent leaves the paint (by evaporating), the faster the resins and binders will act to seal and dry the paint.

**Evaporation** is the most important factor to consider when choosing your solvent. If it evaporates too quickly, the surface of the paint may wrinkle or a haze may form. If it evaporates too slowly, the paint could seal with the solvent trapped underneath, creating bubbles and blisters.

**Disposal of solvents and thinners:** Most paint thinners and solvents can be reused. Let used thinner sit in a closed container until the paint particles settle to the bottom and then pour out the clear liquid at the top for reuse. Always label containers with product name and first aid instructions. Add an absorbent, like cat litter, to the remaining residue and let it dry completely.

Contact local refuse collection service, waste management program or environmental control agency for guidance on disposal.





# Solvents & Thinners



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# **Product Name SELE**( Description HINNER **Suggested Uses**



















Paint Thinner
Economical substitute for turpentine Improves flow, penetration and levelling of paints and varnishes Moderate evaporation rate; ideal for oil-based coatings

- **Paint Thinner**  Premium quality, pure paint thinner Well known for its
- consistent quality Medium to fast evaporation rate
- Moderate odour with low flammability; ideal for in-door use
- Versatile thinner without a strong odour
- Similar uses to regular Paint Thinner

Mineral

Spirits

 Non-corrosive formula; ideal for cleaning of painting tools

Roller Cleaner

**Brush &** 

- Penetrating solvent that makes cleaning easv
- Blend of solvents combined to provide fast drying time and high solvency

Lacquer

Thinner

- Creates a smooth, high gloss finish
- Fast evaporation rate due to the combination of solvents, all of which are highly flammable. (Store and handle with care)
- Multi-purpose thinner used primarily for thinning shellac
- Not suitable for oil based products or stains

Methyl

Hydrate

 Highly flammable; handle with care

### Acetone Heirloom® MAX 📅 **Heavy Duty** Stripper One of the strongest • Thick gel-like formula

- and fastest that will cling to evaporating of all vertical surfaces solvents Thin enough to penetrate intricate
- Not suitable for oil based paints carvings Highly flammable;
  - Non-flammable mixture that will lift 5 layers or more of paint, but will not harm the wood Fast acting
- Natural source tree resin

Bio-Option™

Pure Turpentine

- Thinner and cleaner for oil-based paints
  - Protects natural bristle brushes
  - Its slow evaporation rate creates a gradual drying time for a smooth finish

## Good for cleaning up after painting from tools, garage

- · Cleaning grease and basement floors
- All purpose solvent for thinning oil-based paints and coatings
- Removing grease, tar and wax from ceramic tile and linoleum
- Best for cleaning brushes and rollers
  - For degreasing automotive and workshop tools
- Spot-cleaning floors, ceramic tiles and concrete surfaces
- Thinning oil-based paints, varnishes and polyurethanes
- Better for thinning oil-based coatings
- Use as an all purpose household cleaner
- Interchangeable with turpentine
- Removes grease from various surfaces
- Best for removing paint & varnish from painting tools
- Degreasing painting tools used for oil-based paints when still wet
- · Cleaning surfaces with build-up of fresh paint splatters, grease, dirt
- Best for thinning lacguer-based and automotive paints to spraying consistency
- For cleaning and flushing spray equipment
- Lower priced thinners are usually meant for uses like cleaning tools. Higher priced thinners are specially blended for fine lacquers
- Best for preventing gas line freezing
- Cleaning glass surfaces when mixed with water
- Thinning shellac and cleaning brushes
- Dissolving resins, gums and celluloid
- Thinning fibreglass resin and removing adhesives

handle with care

- Dissolving two-part epoxies
- Cleaning tools used for epoxies and lacquers. Also for inks, adhesives, contact cement and vinyl-coated boat lines
- Best for removing all finishes, glue and adhesive from wood, metal and masonry
- Do not allow contact with fabrics, floors, plastic, vinyl or rubber tiles, linoleum or asphalt
- Best for thinning wood stains; when combined with linseed oil, it produces a "French Finish" on fine furniture
- Thinner for special art finishes and artists' oil-based paints, varnishes and enamels















